

REVISION: July 23, 2019 SUPERSEDES: None VERSION NO.: 1

# Section 1: Product and Company Identification:

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Identification of Substance: Calcium Carbonate and Ethylene Glycol

Product Name: NYACOL® DP6095

Synonym: Calcium carbonate dispersion in ethylene glycol; Colloidal calcium

carbonate in ethylene glycol.

CAS Number: 107–21–1, 471–34–1

Index Number: Not available. EINECS Number: 203-473-3

REACH Registration Number: 01–2119456816–28–0202; See Section 3.

Formula: CaCO<sub>3</sub>

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use: Ceramics, coatings, catalysts, plastics.

Restrictions on Use: For industrial use only, not for food, drug or home use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Identification: Nyacol Nano Technologies, Incorporated

Megunko Road, P.O. Box 349, Ashland, MA 01721 U.S.A.

+1 508-881-2220 info@nyacol.com

www.nyacol.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Email Contact:** 

Internet:

In Case of Emergency: USA/Canada CHEMTREC: +1 (703) 527–3887

International CHEMTREC: +1 (703) 741-5970

24 Hours/Day: 7 Days/Week

# Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

# 2.1 GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed; STOT, RE 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## 2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed; STOT, RE 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### 2.2 Label Elements - Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008





Signal Word: Warning

Hazard determining components of labelling: Ethylene Glycol (Ethane-1,2-diol)
Hazard Statement(s): H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H373 - May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or

repeated exposure.



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Precautionary Statement(s):

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapors/ spray.

P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P301+P312+P330 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if

you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal

plant.

### 2.3 Other Hazards

Components do not meet the criteria for a PBT or vPvB substance.

#### 2.4 Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available.

# Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients

Description: Mixture consisting of the following components.

Component Name: Ethylene Glycol: REACH: 01-2119456816-28-0202	CAS: 107-21-1		Percent By Weight 60
Calcium Carbonate: REACH: Not registered by NNT	CAS: 471-34-1 EINECS: 207-439-9 Index: Not available	Not classified.	40

Impurities: Present at a level below that to be taken into account for classification.

Stabilizing Additives: None

The supplier currently has no knowledge on additional ingredients that are classified and that contribute to the classification of this substance.

See Section 16 for a list of hazards if identified above.

# Section 4: First-Aid Measures

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart

while flushing to rinse entire surface of the eye and lids with water. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with plenty of soap and water for several minutes. Get medical attention if skin

irritation develops or persists.

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, clear person's airway and give artificial

respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified medical personnel may administer oxygen.

Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. If a person is conscious and can swallow, immediately give two

glasses of water (16 oz. or 500 ml.); however, stop if person feels sick as vomiting should be avoided. If vomiting occurs, avoid vomit entering the lungs. Have physician determine if condition of person will permit induction of vomiting or evacuation of stomach. Do not give

anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

First Aid Facilities: Eye wash station.



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Advice to Physicians:

Ethylene glycol poisoning may initially produce behavior changes, drowsiness, vomiting, diarrhea, thirst, and convulsions. End-stage signs of poisoning are renal damage/failure with metabolic acidosis. Immediate treatment may limit the progression and severity of toxic effects. Antidotal treatments exist for ethylene glycol poisoning. Contact a Poison Center for further treatment information.

If evacuation of stomach is necessary, use method least likely to cause possible aspiration. Contact a Poison Center for additional treatment information.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Ethylene glycol poisoning may initially produce behavior changes, drowsiness, vomiting, diarrhea, thirst and convulsions. End-stage signs of poisoning are renal damage/failure with metabolic acidosis. Immediate treatment, supplemented with hemodialysis if indicated, may limit the progression and severity of toxic effects. Contact a POISON CENTER for further treatment information. Aspiration of this product during induced emesis may result in lung injury. If evacuation of stomach is necessary, use method least likely to cause aspiration, such as gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation. Contact a POISON CENTER for additional information.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Treat symptomatically. Fomepizole and ethanol are antidotes against ethylene glycol toxicity. See http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ershdb/EmergencyResponseCard\_29750031.html for more detailed advice.

# Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing Media	
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Use water spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide to extinguish flames. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Water or foam may cause frothing.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance of	r mixture
Flammability of the product:	Combustible, material will burn in a fire. Containers can build pressure if exposed to heat or fire.
Special Hazard Arising from the Chemical:	No further relevant information available.
Fire Hazard:	No further relevant information available.
Explosion Hazard	No further relevant information available.
Reactivity:	No further relevant information available.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special Protective Equipment for Fire-fighters:	Wear standard full firefighter turn-out gear (full bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA).

# Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eye protection and impervious gloves. An approved air-purifying respirator should be worn if dust or mist is present.

### 6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent entry into sewers and waterways.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Ventilate area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including appropriate respiratory protection. Contain spill if possible. Wipe up or absorb on suitable material and shovel up. Prevent entry into sewers and waterways. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

If more than 1 pound of product is spilled, then report spill according to SARA 304 and CERCLA 102(A) requirements.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For more information on exposure controls and personal protection or disposal considerations, check section 8 and 13 of this SDS.

# Section 7: Handling and Storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Minimum feasible handling, and temperatures should be maintained. Avoid generating mist or dust during use. Use only in well ventilated area.

#### 7.1.1 Protective measures

Use only in well ventilated areas. As a precautionary measure, the wearing of standard work gear is suggested. Keep ignition sources away. Do not smoke. Protect from heat. Protect against electrostatic charges.

#### 7.1.2 Advice on general occupational hygiene

Avoid inhalation, ingestion or contact with skin. General occupational hygiene measures are required to ensure a safe handling of the substance. These measures involve good personal and housekeeping practices (i.e. regular cleaning with suitable cleaning devices), no eating, drinking and smoking at the workplace and wearing standard working clothes and shoes unless otherwise stated. Wash hands after use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Shower and change clothes at end of work shift. Do not wear contaminated clothing at home.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Periods of exposure to high temperatures should be minimized. Water contamination should be avoided. Provide sufficient ventilation in storage and workrooms.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No additional information available. Refer to Section 1.2 of this SDS.

# Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

### 8.1 Control Parameters

# 8.1.1 National Limit Values

### Calcium Carbonate, CAS #471-34-1

USA OSHA	OSHA PEL Ceiling (mg/M <sup>3)</sup>	TWA 15 mg/m³ (total); 5 mg/m³ (resp)
Ethylene Gly	/col, CAS #107-2-1	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL Ceiling (mg/M³)	10 mg/m³ TWA

#### 8.1.2 DNELs and PNECs

### Ethylene Glycol (107-21-1)

DNEL (Derived No Effect Level)			
Exposure Route	Exposure Pattern	DNEL	
Inhalation	Long term systemic	As no long term systemic toxicity hazard has been identified, there is no requirement to derive long term DNELs	



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	Acute syst	temic	As no acute toxicity hazard has been identified, there is no requirement to derive acute DNELs
	Long term local		35 mg/m³ (workers) 7 mg/m³ (general population)
Dermal	Long term	n systemic	106 mg/kg bw/day (workers) 53/mg/kg bw/day (general population)
	Acute syst	temic	As no acute toxicity hazard has been identified, there is no requirement to derive acute DNELs
	Local		As no local toxicity hazard has been identified, there is no requirement to derive local DNELs
PNEC (Predicted No Effect Concent	ration)		<u> </u>
PNEC			<u>Value</u>
Aqua (freshwater)		10 mg/L	
Aqua (marine water)		1 mg/L	
STP		199.5 mg/L	
Sediment (freshwater)		37 mg/kg sediment dw	
Sediment (marine water)		3.7 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil		1.53 mg/kg soil dw	
Secondary poisoning		No potential for bioaccumulation	

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Engineering Controls:	Ventilation adequate to meet occupational exposure limits.	The
	OCULA settless to EQ server ACCILI settless to EQ server	

OSHA ceiling is 50 ppm: ACGIH ceiling is 50 ppm.

Hygiene Measures: Workers should wash exposed skin several times daily with soap and water. Soiled work clothing should be laundered or dry-cleaned.

Respiratory: Airborne concentrations should be kept to lowest levels possible. If

vapor, mist or dust is generated and the occupational exposure limit of the product, or any component of the product, is exceeded, use appropriate NIOSH or MSHA approved air purifying or air supplied respirator after determining the airborne concentration of the contaminant. Air–supplied respirators should always be worn when airborne concentrations of the contaminant or oxygen content is

unknown.

Hands: Wear impervious gloves such as neoprene.

Eyes: Safety glasses, chemical type goggles, or face shield recommended

to prevent eye contact.

Skin: Wear clean body-covering clothing; impervious gloves such as

neoprene. Workers should wash exposed skin several times daily with soap and water. Soiled work clothing should be laundered or

dry-cleaned.

# 8.2.3 Environmental Exposure Controls



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Adverse effects of this material on the environment have not been evaluated. Proper disposal techniques to isolate and recover material should be implemented.

# Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance (Physical State, Color): White liquid slurry. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Not determined.

Volatile by Weight: 60%

Odor: Slight sweet.

Vapor Pressure:

Odor Threshold:

Not determined.

Vapor Density:

PH:

Not determined.

Not determined.

Not determined.

Not determined.

Not determined.

Relative Density:

1400 kg/m³

Melting point/freezing point:

Not determined.

Solubility in Water:

Not determined.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 198° C (388° F) (Ethylene Glycol) Flashpoint: 118°C (244°F) (Ethylene Glycol)

Evaporation Rate: Slow.

Flammability (solid, gas): Combustible. Material will burn in a fire.

Partition Coefficient: Not determined.
Auto-ignition temperature: Not determined.
Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

Viscosity: 40 to 250 cP after mixing.

Specific Gravity: 1.44

Freezing Point:  $-13^{\circ}$  C (8° F) (Ethylene Glycol)

Explosion Limits: Not determined. Oxidizing Properties: Not an oxidizer.

9.2 Other information

Not applicable.

# Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

# 10.1 Reactivity

Reaction with strong acids and strong oxidizing agents.

### 10.2 Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Strongly acidic or oxidizing conditions

10.5 Incompatible materials

Not determined.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic levels of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, irritating aldehydes and ketones may be formed on burning. Heating in air may produce irritating aldehydes, acids and ketones.

# Section 11: Toxicological Information

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

# Calcium Carbonate, CAS 471-34-1

Acute toxicity (oral)	Not classified (based on available data, the classificaiton criteria are not met).
Acute toxicity (dermal)	Not classified.
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	Not classified.



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LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg (OECD 420: Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method, Rat, Female, Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male/female, Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 3 mg/l (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male/female, Experimental value)
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
Serious eye damage/irrigation	Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Not classified (based on available data, the classificaiton criteria are not met).

Ethylene Glycol, CAS 107-21-1

Ethylene Glycol, CAS 107-2	11-1
Acute toxicity, oral (human)	LD50: 1400–1600 mg/kg
Acute toxicity, oral (rat)	LD50: >4000 mg/kg
Acute toxicity, dermal (rabbit)	LD50: >6000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating
Serious eye	Not irritating
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Not sensitizing
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not considered to be mutagenic (weight of evidence approach)
Carcinogenicity	Not considered to be carcinogenic (weight of evidence approach)
Reproductive toxicity	Not considered to be reproductive or developmental toxicant (weight of evidence approach)
STOT-single exposure	Not considered to induce specific organ toxicity after single exposure
STOT-repeated exposure	NOEL 150 mg/kg bw/day - kidneys found to be the target organ at high doses (oral)
Aspiration hazard	Not considered to cause an aspiration hazard
Inhalation:	Not determined. Use breathing protection when aerosol or mist is formed.
Ingestion:	Systemic toxicity can occur through ethylene glycol ingestion. Symptoms include headache, weakness, confusion, dizziness, staggering, slurred speech, loss of coordination, faintness, nausea and vomiting, increased heart rate, decreased blood pressure, difficulty breathing and seeing, pulmonary edema, unconsciousness, convulsions, collapse, and coma. Symptoms may be delayed. Decreased urine output and kidney failure may also occur. Severe poisoning may cause death.

# Section 12: Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Ethylene Glycol, CAS 107-21-1

Toxicological endpoint Value Species, Method

Acute (short-term toxicity):



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Fish LC50 (96h) > 72860 mg/L Pimephales promelas, EPA 600/4-90/027

Crustacea EC50 (48h) > 100 mg/L Daphnia magna, OECD 202 Algae/aquatic plants EC10 (96h) > 100 mg/L Weight of evidence approach

Activated sludge respiration EC20 > 1995 mg/L Read across approach from supporting

substance, ISO 8192

Chronic (long-term toxicity):

Fish NOEC (7d) 15380 mg/L Weight of evidence approach Crustacea NOEC (7d) 8590 mg/L Weight of evidence approach

Calcium Carbonate, CAS 471-34-1

Acute (short-term toxicity): Species, Method

LC50 fish 1 > 100 % (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Semi-

static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)

EC50 Daphnia 1 > 100 % (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia

magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Ethylene glycol in this product is reported to have a moderate rate of biodegradation; greater than or equal to 30% degradation over a test period of 28 days or less.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Ethylene Glycol is not considered to be bioaccumulative.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Ethylene Glycol: Based upon a calculated log Koc (=0), adsorption to solid soil phase is not expected.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment

The PBT and vPvB criteria of Annex XIII to the Regulation do not apply to this product.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No further relevant information available.

# Section 13: Disposal Considerations

This information presented only applies to the materials as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Disposal Considerations: The product should be recycled or burned in an incinerator or

scrubber approved for chemical waste.

United States: The product is not a RCRA hazardous waste.

# Section 14: Transport Information

The product is not restricted for transportation.

Sections 14.1 - 14.4

Regulations

U.S. D.O.T.: Not regulated. ICAO/IATA: Not regulated.

IMO/IMDG: Not regulated in non-bulk quantities (<5000 lbs.).

ADR: Not regulated.

14.5 Environmental hazards:

No further relevant information available.

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#### 14.6 Special precautions for users:

Follow relevant recommendations found in other sections of this SDS.

14.7 Transport bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Ship Type: 3

Pollution Category: Y

# Section 15: Regulatory Information

#### 15. 1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for substance or mixture:

Worldwide Chemical Inventories

EINECS (EU): All ingredients listed TSCA (USA): All ingredients listed DSL (Canada): All ingredients listed AICS (Australia): All ingredients listed ENCS (Japan): All ingredients listed ECL (Korea): All ingredients listed PICCS (Philippines): All ingredients listed IECSC (China): All ingredients listed

State Right-to-Know Laws: Section 3 of this SDS lists all components of the product.

SARA Section 311/312: Acute Toxicity. Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure.

SARA 313, 304 and CERCLA 102 (A): Ethylene glycol. If more than one pound of the product (1.67 lb. of

DP6095) is spilled then report the spill according to SARA 304 and

CERCLA 102 requirements.

California Proposition 65: No ingredients listed.

Technical Instructions (air): Class: NK Share in %: 80.0

Water hazard class 1: Slightly hazardous for water

**Canadian Regulations:** 

WHMIS: Class D, Division 1, Division 2, material causing other toxic effects

and teratogenic effects.

Controlled Products Regulations: This SDS contains all the information items specified in Schedule 1,

Column 3 of the Controlled Products Regulations in a 16-heading

format.

# 15. 2 Chemical safety assessment:

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

### Section 16: Other Information

List of hazard phrases:

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H373 - May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) 704

Health-2, Flammability-1, Reactivity-0, Special-None

HMIS® Hazard Rating:

Health-2, Flammability-1, Reactivity-0, Protective Equipment - I;

safety glasses, gloves, combination respirator.

Recommended Use: The product is recommended for use in ceramics, coatings, catalysts

and plastics. Other uses have not been investigated and may have other hazards. For industrial use only, not for food, drug or home

use.

Work Alert: Workers using this product should read and understand this SDS and

be trained in the proper use of this material.

Other Special Considerations:

SDS Prepared By:

None known.

Andrew A. Guzelian

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Technical Services Manager Nyacol Nano Technologies, Incorporated Telephone: +1 508-881-2220 July 23, 2019

Revision Date: July 23, 20 Supersedes: None

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